

Relationships of Words and Phrases in Reading

Relationships in Reading are the patterns of words and phrases that signal how a reading selection is organized so that the reader can better comprehend the material.

Patterns of Organization:

- **LIST OF ITEMS** →
(something is added)

Transitions:

Addition Words-

one	to begin with	<u>also</u>	further
first(of all)	<u>for one thing</u>	<u>in addition</u>	furthermore
<u>second(ly)</u>	other	next	last(of all)
third(ly)	<u>another</u>	moreover	<u>final(ly)</u>

- **TIME ORDER** →
(tells when)

Time Words-

before	immediately	when	until
previously	<u>next</u>	whenever	often
first(of all)	<u>then</u>	while	frequently
second(ly)	following	during	eventually
third(ly)	<u>later</u>	as	final(ly)
now	after	soon	<u>last (of all)</u>

- **DEFINITION + EXAMPLE**
→(gives examples)

Illustration Words-

<u>(for)example</u>	including	(as an)illustration	one
<u>(for)instance</u>	specifically	to illustrate	once
<u>such as</u>	to be specific		

- **COMPARISON** →
(how things are similar)

Comparison Words-

(just)as	both	in like fashion	in a similar fashion
(just)like	equal(ly)	in like manner	in a similar manner
<u>alike</u>	resemble	<u>similar(ly)</u>	(in) the same way
same	likewise	similarity	(in) common

- **CONTRAST** →
(how things are different)

Contrast Words-

<u>but</u>	instead (of)	even though	difference
<u>yet</u>	<u>in contrast</u>	as opposed to	different(ly)
<u>however</u>	<u>on the other hand</u>	in spite of	differ (from)
although	on the contrary	despite	unlike
nevertheless	converse(ly)	rather than	unlike
still	opposite		

- **CAUSE & EFFECT** →
(answers why or gives reasons)

Cause and Effect Words-

<u>therefore</u>	so	owing to	<u>because (of)</u>
thus	<u>(as a) result</u>	effect	<u>reason</u>
(as a) consequence	<u>results in</u>	cause	explanation
consequently	leads to	if ... then	accordingly
due to	since	affect	